

PLAN MONSTER PARADE BY ARMY

Details of March, Washington's Birthday, Now Almost Complete.

ALL BRANCHES TO BE IN LINE

Turnout to Be Largest Hawaii Nei Has Ever Seen—Wall Is Delighted.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

The biggest parade of United States troops in the history of Hawaii will be in honor of the Father of his Country, February 22. Virtually the entire military strength of the island of Oahu will be in line, with a strong reinforcement of marines, sailors and national guardsmen.

Though the plans of the military authorities are as yet incomplete in some minor details the general working out of the parade and its constituent parts has been settled. General Macomb has not as yet issued his orders, but in all probability these will go out today to the commanders of the various posts and garrisons in this department. Major Campbell, department adjutant-general, is as yet unable to give an exact list of the officers who will command various organizations as a number of officers ranking some of those now here, are aboard the transport Sheridan which is to arrive Friday.

Colonel to Command.

Colonel Wilder in all probability will command the military parade; but General Macomb has not fully decided upon this for it is just possible that Colonel Rogers, the newly designated commander of the Second Infantry, and senior to Colonel Wilder, may be here to take command.

As at present planned the makeup of the parade will be as follows: Fifth Cavalry band and two squadrons, under Majors Jenkins and McClure, machine gun platoon; Lieutenant-Colonel Benson, commanding cavalry division, First Field Artillery: band, batteries D, E and F, Major Crulshank commanding. Second Infantry: band, two battalions, machine gun platoon, Lieutenant-Colonel Stamper, commanding. The infantry battalions will be under the command of Major Ernest B. Smith and Major John H. Wholley; company of engineers from Fort De Russy, Captain Putman in command; Coast Artillery detachments from Fort Ruger, Fort Armstrong and Fort Kaneohe, under command of Major E. F. Timberlake; marines and sailors from the United States Naval Station and from the fleet; detachments from the National Guard of Hawaii, Colonel W. W. Jones, commanding.

Line of March.

The parade will form on Beretania avenue at 9 o'clock, the right of the line being at Nuuanu avenue. It will march from Beretania into Nuuanu, hence to and around Thomas Square, then west along King street and past the reviewing stand at King and Richards streets. In the reviewing stand will be Governor Frazar and Territorial officials, Brigadier-General Macomb and staff, Admiral Cowles and staff, and prominent citizens. Admiral Thomas and his staff will be there also if the cruiser fleet is still in the harbor.

General Macomb has not as yet decided where the parade will be dismissed, for the camping places of the out-of-town troops are not determined at this writing.

To Hike It Here.

It is not believed that any of the troops will be brought into the city by train. Instead, it is the plan at headquarters to start the Second Infantry from Schofield Barracks, Lihue, on February 20, and the cavalry and artillery on the 21. The Fort Baker, Fort De Russy and Fort Ruger troops, by making an early start on the morning of the 22d, can easily arrive in time to take their places in line.

Although it has not been fully decided Major Campbell believes the department commander will not order the troops return to their stations immediately after the parade, but that owing to the fact that the Floral Parade is to take place in the afternoon, General Macomb may allow all the troops to remain in the city over night. At least, says the adjutant general, permission will be given the soldiers to take part in the Floral Parade, and one or more decorated caissons may be looked for in the civic line of flowers.

Wall Delighted.

A. F. Wall, director general of the floral parade, when seen last night by representative of The Advertiser and old of the military arrangements for Washington's Birthday was very jubilant. He said that hitherto he had not been in a position to speak for the city people, but now that a statement of General Macomb's plans had been given out he could say that he was satisfied beyond measure.

"Indeed, I really am happy and grateful," said Mr. Wall, "for the announcement that the Army, Navy, and militia will take part in a celebration of the day comes as a completion of the pie I had anticipated and the arrangements it was my earnest desire to see carried out. I know we will have a splendid military parade and that it will be the most splendid patriotic day in our history. And in the evening the carnival will delight us."

It certainly will be a big day for Oahu.

WANT \$50,000.00 FROM SLANDERS

Korean Association Suing Three Expelled Members—Echo of Nhee Suicide Case.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

With the sting of a suit for fifty thousand dollars for slander against C. H. Young, formerly a Korean detective and now the proprietor of an employment agency; Sin Hong Kun, pastor of the Korean Independent Church, and Nee Na Su, once the president of the local branch of the Korean National Society, which will be done this morning, another chapter of the mystery surrounding the suicide of Victor H. Nhee, the young Korean patriot, will be made plain to the public. The slander suit is being brought officially by the Korean society ostensibly to clear Chillyang Cheung, the present president, from certain charges brought against him, but actually the case is brought to clear the name of Nhee.

The Korean plaintiffs declare that Nhee was driven to his death through groundless charges made against him, charges which his suicide demonstrated the falsity of. According to Korean reasoning, only a man perfectly innocent would take his own life as an answer to slanderous assaults.

Those against whom the actions for slander are to be brought have openly acknowledged their share in circulating false reports concerning Nhee, according to the statements made yesterday by President Cheung and according to an official statement issued by the Korean newspaper, published in Korean. The alleged false statements are these: C. H. Young is said to have written to the Koreans of the other islands to the effect that the two thousand dollars raised to help their brother Koreans in Yucatan was in the hands of "white and yellow thieves," intimating that Nhee had arranged with some white attorney to take the money and divide it, the attorney to get his share for services he would claim had been rendered and Nhee to get his as a commission. He urged the Koreans to oppose carrying the Yucatan scheme through and to insist on having the money returned to the contributors.

The Korean president claims that, on the other hand, Young was simply mad because his claim to a commission was to be defeated through the employment of an attorney of Nhee's selection, who was to give no commission.

The Korean minister of the gospel is charged with slander because he wrote letters backing up Young's charges that Nhee was peddling the Korean business among the lawyers and looking for the one who would give him the biggest racket.

Nee Na Su, once president of the association, went further in his alleged slander, having written to delegates-elect to the annual convention that the present president had taken the Yucatan fund and shipped out with it.

The Korean association has already taken steps against these three, having held an indignation meeting and expelled them from the patriotic league as unworthy. Now, in order that the public may know the attitude of the association toward Nhee, the slander actions for \$50,000 damages are to be brought, Lorin Andrews being retained to handle the suits.

Young Versus Young.

When the indignation meeting was held, says President Cheung, C. H. Young publicly acknowledged his guilt. According to Cheung, he made this statement on the floor of the convention: "The bad C. H. Young has been taught by the good C. H. Young these things: First—I spoiled the Mexican matter for selfish motives. I wrote the letter about white and yellow thieves. This was a sin. I know it was wrong. I spoke to Sin Hong Kun telling him Cheung and Nhee were asking a commission from the lawyers. I was wrong in all these matters. I hope every Korean will excuse me and forgive me."

The two others accused of slander also acknowledged that they had written the charges referred to, but they did not ask for forgiveness.

The Koreans of the Territory, of whom there are four or five thousand allied with the national association, are tremendously excited over this whole affair, much more so than any white man is able to credit. Smaller things than this have resulted in assassinations among Koreans and while it is not expected that there will be any blood shed, at the same time there is more or less talk in Korean circles about the blood of the guilty having to atone for that shed by the innocent Nhee.

GROUP PREVENTED.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is not only a certain cure for cough, but it will prevent the attack when freely given as soon as the first symptoms appear. In many thousands of cases it is kept constantly at hand ready for instant use as soon as the coughing begins to be heard. There is no danger in giving it to your children as it contains no opium or other injurious substance. For sale by Messrs. Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

CIVIC FEES WILL DECIDE POLICIES

To Vote on Pertinent Political Questions—The Executive Committee Meets.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

Are you in favor of eliminating political parties from our municipal elections and voting on personal qualifications only? Are you in favor of the commission form of government for Honolulu such as is in use in Oakland and Berkeley? Are you in favor of the initiative? Are you in favor of the referendum? Are you in favor of the recall? Are you in favor of the direct primary? What, in your opinion, should be the action of the civic federation when incompetent or corrupt candidates are nominated for office?

These were the seven questions which were brought before the executive committee of the civic federation at a meeting in the public service rooms yesterday afternoon by Senator C. H. Dickey. The proposition caused considerable discussion not altogether unanimous, and the whole question was finally referred to the legislative committee for action.

It is proposed to send out a circular letter to all of the 500 members of the federation with these or similar questions and to base the future action of the federation in politics upon the answers received.

The meeting, which was presided over by Robbins B. Anderson, vice president, was a busy one, but none of the reports made excited the interest that the letter from Senator Dickey did. Mr. Pond was the first to bring up this question of politics, stating he hoped the federation would take up the question of securing nominations to office of a higher type of men generally than has been the case. Senator Dickey then told that he had a letter on this subject coming, and interest crystallized.

Slack Interest.

In his letter Senator Dickey called attention to the fact that in spite of the invitation extended to all members to attend and take part in the deliberations of the executive committee very few had done so and he thought that to reach all of the members of the federation certain questions affecting the policy of the federation should be sent out. Then followed the tentative questions.

It was generally agreed that the policy for the new year should be submitted to the entire membership for action. The annual meeting of the federation will be held the middle of next month and it is proposed to have the vote on these questions or similar ones, as prepared by the legislative committee, returned by that time so as to take action at the meeting.

Both Prof. Gilmore and P. L. Herne voiced their belief that this was an exceedingly important question and should be acted upon conservatively. The legislative committee will hold a special meeting to act upon the proposed circular letter and report back to the executive committee.

Public Buildings Filthy.

A. F. Cooke reported that he had been around the island inspecting jails, etc., and that he found them in a miserable condition and filthy. He believed that the public buildings should be cleaned up and placed in a sanitary condition as well as private dwellings.

Chairman McChesney, of the parks committee, reported that a total of \$3700 had been subscribed toward the \$5000 necessary for the new Lihue-Kalani Park.

Secretary Bryan reported that out of the 70,000 cubic yards of dirt to be dredged from the channel of Honolulu harbor 40,000 yards will be used for filling in about Fort Armstrong and 30,000 about Quarantine Island. Until this filling is completed it would be useless to plant coconut trees there, and meanwhile the trees will be looked after by Mr. McChesney.

After considerable discussion it was resolved to appoint a committee of three to name candidates for five members of the executive committee who will be elected at the next meeting. The committee will name ten men, or twice as many as are to be elected, but supplemental nominations can be made by anyone at the annual meeting. The committee named by Chairman Anderson is Senator Dickey, chairman; P. L. Herne and F. B. McStocker.

Over fifty-four thousand marriage licenses were issued in New York city in 1911, a gain of three thousand over the previous year.

RED CROSS FUND FROM "FOREIGNERS" NOW ON ITS WAY TO SECOND THOUSAND

The Chinese Red Cross fund being collected by F. W. Dennis among the white residents of the Territory is now well on its way toward the second thousand, the first thousand mark having been passed yesterday. The Chinese residents, in addition to what they have contributed to the revolutionary war fund, have already sent over three thousand dollars to the Chinese Red Cross and Mr. Dennis is in hopes that the other residents at the Chinese

THE ADVERTISER TOOK THE NEWS

Japanese at Lihue Learned of Wage Increase When Paper Arrived.

The Advertiser was the medium by which the welcome news of the increase of wages for plantation laborers was given to a large number of the Japanese on Kauai.

The morning the mail arrived at Lihue, containing The Advertiser which printed the report of the planters' association relative to the increase in wages and bonus, Doctor Wadman of the Methodist Mission, was in the crowd. He received an Advertiser and saw the wage report. A number of Japanese were lounging about. Taking advantage of the opportunity to brace up his knowledge of the Japanese language, he read the article to the men. They sat stolidly, but their eyes bulged as the news was carried to their brains that their condition was to be greatly bettered.

Suddenly one of the Japanese let loose an explosive "Banzai," and ran over to the adjoining plantation camp. A little later Doctor Wadman saw a Japanese flag raised to the top of the flagstaff in the camp. He went over to see if there would be a demonstration. There was. Japanese came from all parts of the camp to inquire about the raising of the colors, and when told the glad news they gave vent to a series of "Banzais!"

Later while going through another camp the doctor came upon an old woman who was crossing an American and a Japanese flag to place over the doorway of her little house. The doctor asked the old woman why she was putting up the celebration symbols. She replied that good news had just come from Honolulu and that she was expressing her feelings by the display of the flags.

"So The Advertiser had some credit in getting the news to the Japanese laborers on the Garden Island," said Doctor Wadman. "It is going to be a splendid thing for the Japanese, and it means much to the Koreans, and will serve as a means to anchor them to the sugar estates. The bonus clause particularly will have that effect."

"I met Professor Sonoda who had received a wireless from Editor Sheba of Honolulu concerning the increase in wages and he was extremely pleased. 'I wish the plantations would shut down their work on Sundays, and let these people have a full day off. If the mill was shut down at twelve on Saturday the engineers, firemen and others connected with the mill work, could clean the establishment that afternoon and have the entire Sunday for recreation."

"However, the plantations are greatly improving the living conditions of the Japanese and other laborers. The new quarters are a great improvement over the old. They are having little gates to their quarters and there is room for flower pots. All these little things go a long way to make the laborers happy and contented. 'I hope the efforts to bring more Korean women here will be successful, and this, too, will be a great help to make the Koreans better contented with their work.'"

NO SUCCESSOR TO FRENCH PREMIER

PARIS, France, January 11.—The French cabinet has resigned in the midst of the row over the appointment of Delcasse as minister of foreign affairs. This follows closely on the trouble on the Morocco question, and leaves that situation in the air. No successor has as yet been suggested for M. Chillaux, the premier, although a strong faction is pressing for the promotion of M. Delcasse. The German and English press contain long leaders on the French situation.

Union riots became so bad here today that the military reserves and special police were called out.

SENATOR LORIMER DENIES CHARGE

WASHINGTON, January 10.—Senator Lorimer concluded his testimony today before the investigating committee, denying the charges of bribery in securing his seat.

TRAIN WRECKED.

ERIE, January 9.—The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Kulekbocker special was wrecked near Dunkirk in a storm where it remains isolated. The number of injured is unknown.

LATEST EXCUSE FOR OPPOSITION

Protest Against Amendment to Coastwise Law Based on More Ships.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

At the meeting of the trustees of the chamber of commerce yesterday a letter from George McK. McClellan telling of the opposition of the California congressional delegation to the Coastwise law amendment introduced by Delegate Kalaianaoale to better the passenger traffic between Honolulu and the Coast, came up for action, but the trustees considered the matter of such importance that it was referred to the annual meeting of the chamber to be held next Wednesday.

McClellan stated in his letter that the California congressmen entered a protest against any change in the present law in behalf of Honolulu, on the ground that the Oceanic Steamship Company intended to place two more boats in commission within a short time, thus making three steamers on the run between San Francisco and Australia via Honolulu.

The trustees did not discuss the matter at any length, but what was said indicates that there is not much enthusiasm over the possibility of three steamers on the run, especially as it is proposed to take off the Sierra which will make the through trip along with the other two steamers. And the last state will be worse than the first.

"Civic Economy."

H. Gooding Field, of Wailuku, Maui, who has been a resident of Panama for a long time, writes a letter to President Spaulding, of the chamber, stating that he has been subpoenaed in the case of Mills versus Currie in Honolulu, January 12, and he states he would be glad to read a paper before the chamber on "Civic Economy and Efficiency," a subject of which he has made a study for years.

The paper will be divided under six heads: "Organization and the determination of departmental duties," "Detail of operation, with the view of the elimination of waste," "Working comparisons of departmental incomes and expenditures," "Standards of efficiency," "A city's assets and liabilities," and "Appropriations and funds."

He will be invited to read his paper before the annual meeting next Wednesday.

Favors Nawiliwili.

Trustee E. E. Paxton, for the harbor committee, reported that Major Wooten, Engineer Corps, U. S. A., has recommended in his report that the harbor of Nawiliwili, Kauai, be the first choice for the government harbor work on that island, with Port Allen as second choice. He also recommends a full appropriation for the completion of the Hilo breakwater and harbor improvements.

An invitation was received by the chamber to send a representation to the international congress of chambers of commerce of the world, which will be held on September 26, 1912, in Boston. This is the first time that this congress has been held in the United States, heretofore the meetings having been in the various capitals of Europe. President Spaulding was authorized by resolution to appoint a delegate.

President Spaulding reported briefly upon the successful entrance of the flagship California to Pearl Harbor. It was also stated that J. P. Cooke, chairman of the legislative committee, was compiling his annual report for the meeting of the chamber next Wednesday. This should prove a most interesting one.

CARNEGIE SCORES ANTITRUST LAWS

Says Corporations "Unaware of Existence of Sherman Act"—Talks of Banking Too.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 11.—

Andrew Carnegie, the steel king, yesterday testified before the committee now investigating the steel trust. Much of Mr. Carnegie's testimony was an attack upon the banking system of the United States, which he denounced as a disgrace to civilization. He urged legislation to carry out the plans of the Aldrich currency reform idea. He declared in heated terms that the country was at the mercy of archaic conditions that must be remedied if recurrent panics were not to sap the life of the nation. If the bill as framed by ex-Senator Aldrich becomes a law, said Mr. Carnegie, the country will have a bulwark against panics.

The former steel king laughed at the Sherman law, declaring that the railroads of the country had ignored it and the big corporations were "unaware of its existence until the recent decision of the Supreme Court." He denied that the trusts have been receiving rebates until recently.

PRUNE ARMOUR EVIDENCE.

CHICAGO, Illinois, January 10.—Armour notations and papers were ordered stricken from the evidence of the bankers' trials today by Federal Judge Carpenter.

DIE IN SNOWSLIDE.

MINNEAPOLIS, Washington, January 10.—Several railroad men believed to be killed in a snowslide at Columbia, Wash. today.

TROOPS ARE NOT NEEDED IN CHINA

The Republican Government Has Notified Powers to That Effect.

RAILROAD PERFECTLY SAFE

Note to Nations Says That Quiet Will Be Restored Within a Month.

NANKING, China, January 11.—In a formal note addressed to the representatives of all the foreign powers President Sun Yat Sen yesterday declared that there is absolutely no need for the presence of troops along the line of the Tien-Tsin railroad.

The note assured the powers that the republican government is perfectly capable of handling the situation at present and that it would see to it that the line of communication is kept open to the sea. It added that the republicans would not permit any tampering with the road.

In conclusion the note stated in positive terms that in the opinion of the republican officials, peace would be restored to the nation within the space of thirty days, or perhaps less. The note is taken here to mean that Doctor Sun Yat Sen has had some private information which he is not willing at present to make public. Its tone of assurance is its most evident feature.

NANKING, China, January 10.—The powers have been notified that the organization of the provisional government is complete.

MONGOLIA RECOGNIZED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia, January 11.—It was formally announced here yesterday that the Czar's government has decided to recognize the independence of the Chinese province of Mongolia which recently declared its independence.

FIFTY MILLIONS ARE SAVED FROM FLAMES

Firemen Rescue Large Block of Securities From Equitable Furnace—Half Billion Remain.

NEW YORK, January 11.—After working continuously for hours in their efforts to rescue some of the vast hoards of securities held in the vaults of the Equitable Assurance Company, firemen late today managed to save about fifty million dollars' worth of negotiable securities. It is believed that there are still in the neighborhood of half a billion dollars in securities and specie in the vaults.

The great steel vaults are beginning to show the effects of the fierce heat. The concrete walls are crumbling and the steel of the outer covering is warped. It is thought that several days will elapse before the workers can save the remaining securities, but it is believed that ultimately they will be rescued.

The fire department is pouring water on the building in steady streams. The Harriman records containing the names and addresses of 40,000 stockholders have been lost in the fire.

CAPTAIN POTTS IS ADMIRAL'S SUCCESSOR

WASHINGTON, January 11.—Orders were issued here yesterday appointing Capt. Templin Morris Potts, at present chief intelligence officer of the Navy, to the post occupied by Rear-Admiral William Parker Potter, and for personnel to George Dewey, admiral of the Navy. Admiral Potter has been suffering for some time now from injuries he received some months ago. He has asked for and been granted four months leave of absence in which to recuperate. Admiral Potter is fifth on the list of admirals.

SHUSTER AGAIN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia, January 11.—The government, it is reported, was yesterday informed that the American, Shuster, has again been appointed a minister in the Russian administration.

VETERANS POISONED.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, January 10.—More than one hundred and fifty members of the National Soldiers' Home here have been taken seriously ill with pneumonia poisoning. Many of them are in a dangerous condition.

REFINED SUGAR DROPS.

NEW YORK, January 11.—The price of refined sugar dropped ten cents a hundred pounds in the market here today.